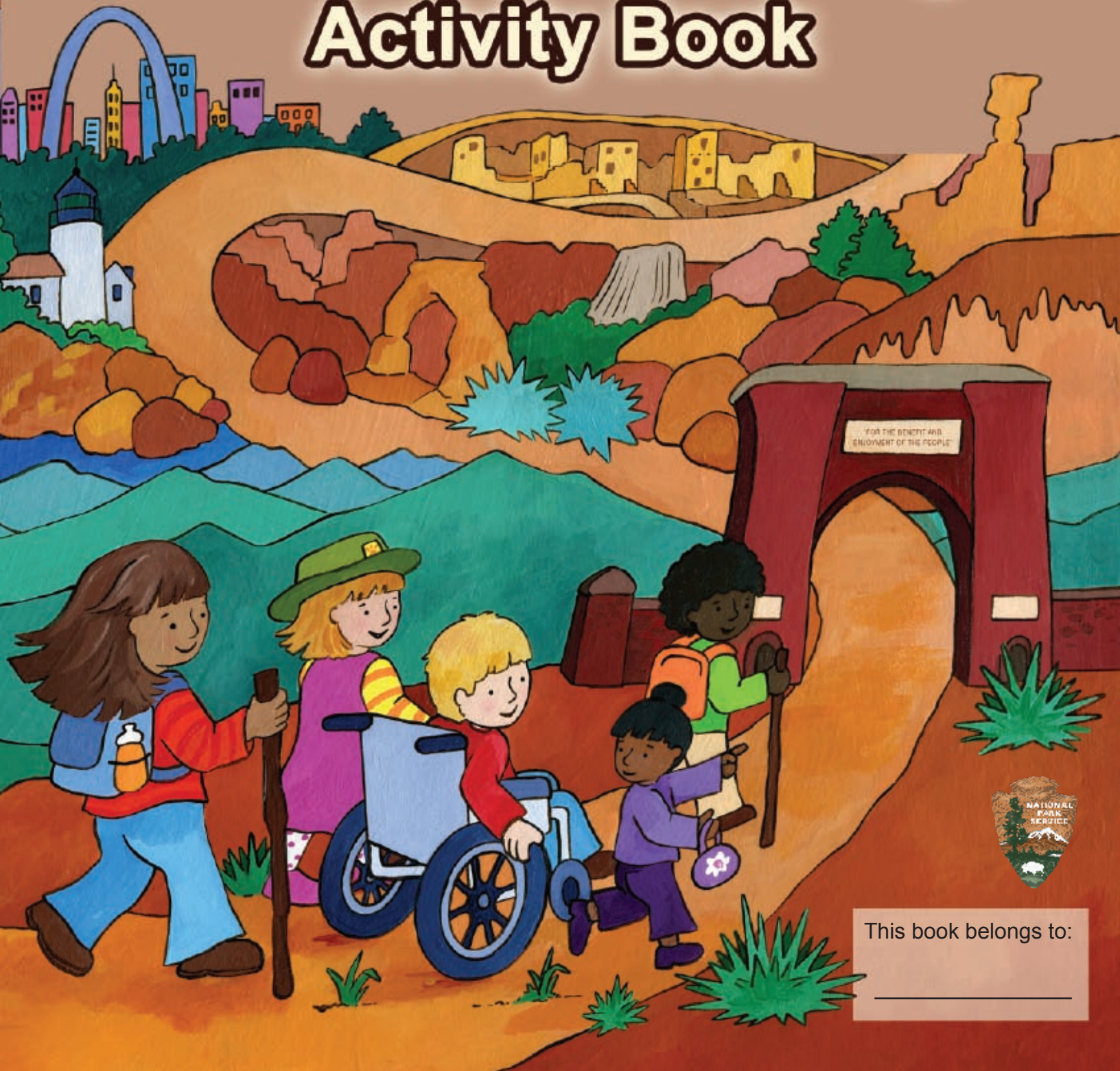


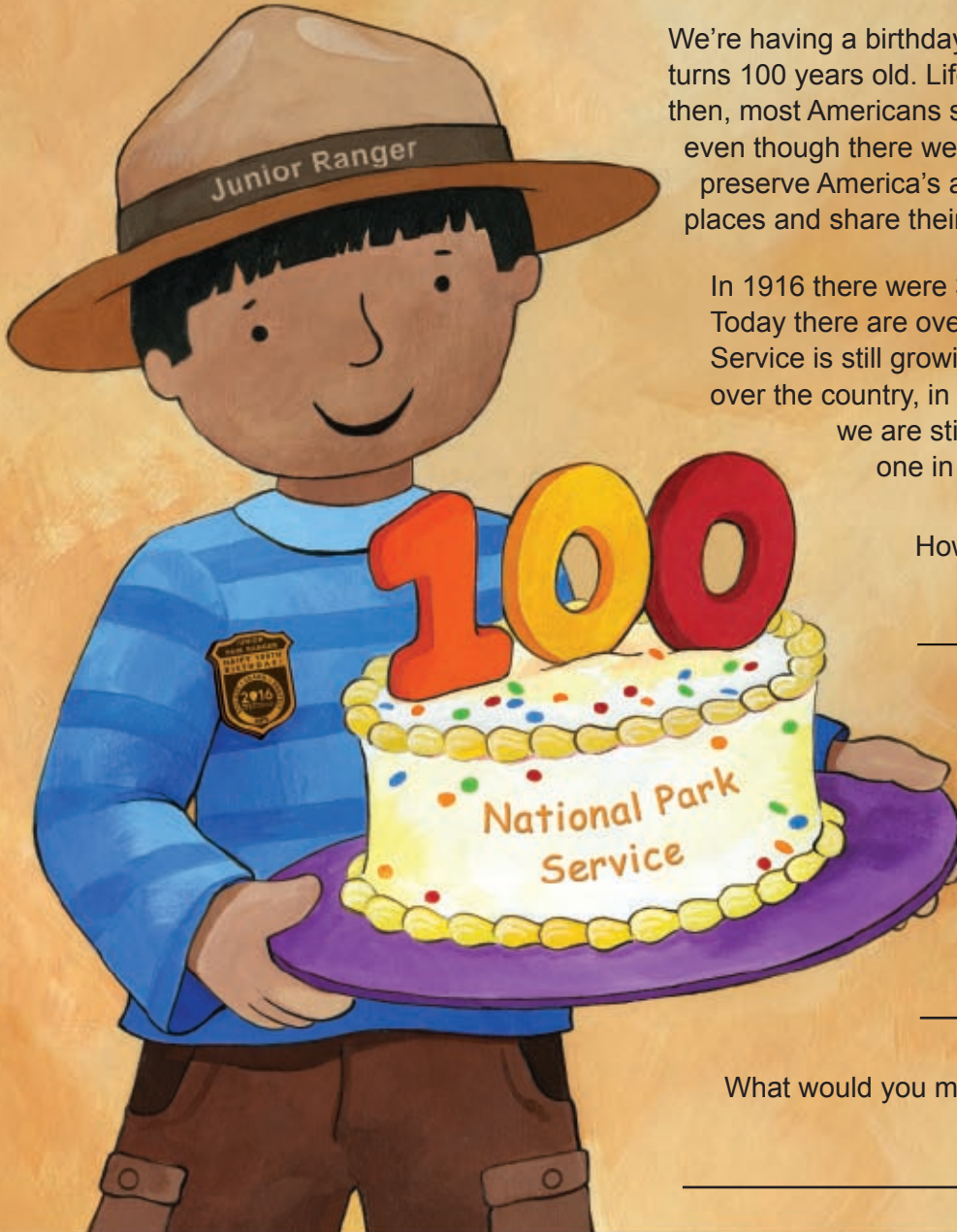


Centennial Junior Ranger Activity Book



This book belongs to:

Happy Birthday to the National Park Service



We're having a birthday! In 2016, the National Park Service turns 100 years old. Life was pretty different in 1916. Back then, most Americans still traveled by horse and buggy! And even though there were fewer people here, they wanted to preserve America's amazing natural wonders and historic places and share their stories with everyone.

In 1916 there were 35 national parks and monuments. Today there are over 400, and like you, the National Park Service is still growing! National Park sites are found all over the country, in places you might never expect, and we are still adding more. In fact, there may be one in your community.

How do you celebrate your birthday?

A "centennial" is a 100th birthday or anniversary. How is the park you are visiting celebrating this centennial?

What would you miss if there were no national parks?

By becoming a Centennial Junior Ranger you are helping us celebrate! But this book is only the beginning of your adventure. Junior Ranger programs are found at most national parks. Ask how you can earn badges and patches all across our country. Junior ranger programs are also available online at <http://www.nps.gov/kids/jrRangers.cfm>

To learn more about the National Park Service go to www.nps.gov



Become a Centennial Junior Ranger

Although the National Park Service takes care of these special places, we all own them together – that means you, too! And, just like you help care for your home or pets (think chores), we need your help to care for our national parks. Imagine what parks would be like in another 100 years if no one helped protect them. You can start by completing each activity below to become an official Centennial Junior Ranger!

- ☐ Attend a ranger led activity or watch a film in a park or one of the many Youtube videos at [youtube.com/user/NationalParkService](https://www.youtube.com/user/NationalParkService)

Name of program: _____

Something that I learned: _____

- ☐ Go for a hike on a national park trail, a trail near your home or visit an exhibit at a park visitor center.

Name of trail or exhibit: _____

- ☐ Complete at least the following number of activities in this book:

Ages 6 and under: 5 activities

Ages 7-10: 7 activities

Ages 11 and older: 10 activities

- ☐ Care for this park and others by following the park rules and teaching others to do the same.



Bring your completed booklet to any national park visitor center to receive your official Junior Ranger Centennial Badge! You can also send your completed booklet to the National Park Service, National Junior Ranger Program Coordinator, 1201 Eye Street NW, 8th Floor, Washington, DC 20005. Completed booklets will be returned so make sure to include your address.



National Park Service Symbols

Each element of this symbol represents something that is protected by the National Park Service. Use the words on the right and below to fill in the blanks.

The _____ represents wildlife.

The _____ represents plants.

The _____ represents geology.

The _____ represents natural resources such as water and air.

The _____ represents the history of our country.

Arrowhead

**National
Park
Service**

Mountain

Tree

Lake

Bison

Let's start today to help make sure the National Parks are in great shape 100 years from now. Draw your own symbols on the arrowhead to the left showing things that you think need to be protected.

How do you know you are in a place that is cared for by the National Park Service?

How many arrowheads can you find as you explore the park today?

Jammin' Journal

Park rangers write their observations and park experiences in journals. What has inspired the hidden author in you during your visit to a park?

Date: _____

Location: _____

Weather Observation: temperature, precipitation and cloud cover: _____

An interesting thing I learned today is: _____

My favorite part of the park is: _____

I am happy this place was saved because: _____



Become a Modern Day John Muir!

Sometimes a big difference can be made by just one person or a small group of people. John Muir helped preserve Yosemite and Sequoia National Parks, and many more people throughout history have worked hard to convince others that a place is special enough to be protected and preserved. Think of a place that is special to you. Now imagine that someone else wanted to build something over it, or tear it down. How would you convince them it was worth saving? Here are a few reasons why people might create a new park. Mark the things that apply to your special place and explain why you marked them in the space below.

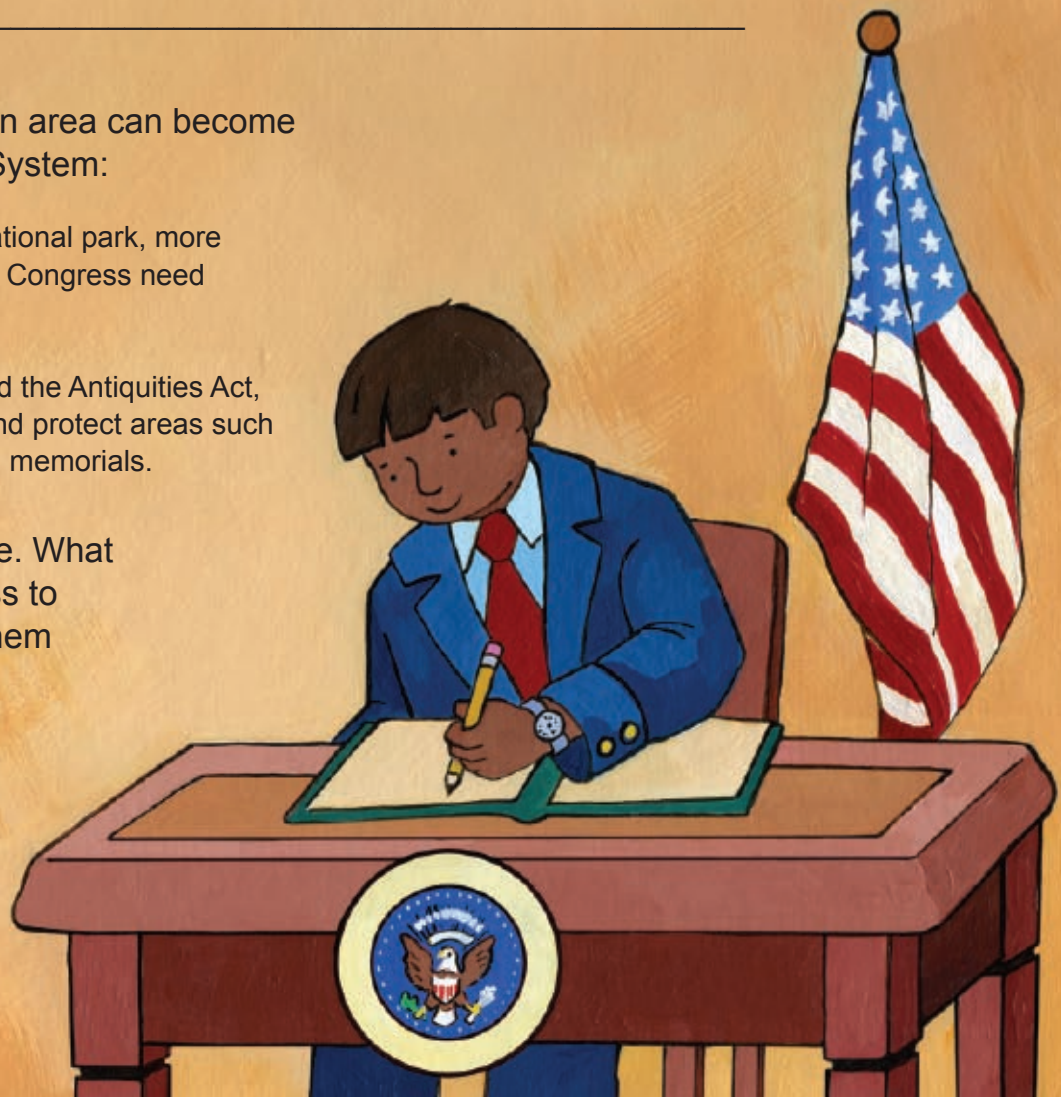
- ☐ It has value in teaching people about science, preservation or our nation's history.
- ☐ It brings outdoor recreation to residents of our cities.
- ☐ It offers places for people to relax and heal.
- ☐ It tells the story of a national hero or other person who helped make America great.
- ☐ It helps protect native cultures.

I marked these things because: _____

There are two ways that an area can become part of the National Park System:

1. For an area to become a national park, more than half of the members of Congress need to vote yes.
2. Using a special power called the Antiquities Act, presidents can designate and protect areas such as national monuments and memorials.

Think of your special place. What would you say to Congress to convince at least half of them that it is worth saving?





Congratulations! Congress has decided to make your special place a new national park! Write its name on the sign. Now draw a picture of it in the white space and tell us why it's so special.

Past and Present Native Cultures

Before the United States became a country and long before National Parks were established, there were many people who lived on this land. You might know them as American Indians, Alaska Natives or Hawaiians. Although they may not live in the park you are visiting now, you can figure out what type of Native American might have been here.

Think way back, way before the United States was formed. Who lived here? What type of native cultures lived where you are today? Look at the map and find where you are in the country.

What type of native people were from here?

Go outside and find a place on the grass or dirt, look around you, what do you see?

What would these people use to make their homes?

What would they have hunted to eat?

What plants would they have eaten?

What is the weather like?

Do you think they would have lived here year round?

When the United States became a country many of the Native Americans were moved far from their homes so that cities and farms could be made. Have you ever had to leave your home and community? America still has many native peoples, some may even live in your neighborhood. Today you can learn about and honor native people by visiting national parks that teach about their life-ways and cultures.



Write a Cinquain Poem

A Cinquain Poem is a five line verse that does not rhyme.
It was created by Adelaide Crapsey about 100 years ago.
Find a quiet place and use your senses to create a poem about
something you see at the park you are visiting.

Title (person, place, animal, or thing)

Two adjectives to describe title

Three verbs (action words) to describe title

Four-word phrase to describe how you feel about the title

Describe the title using a similar word

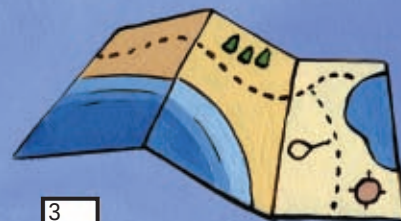
Below is an example.
Now you can make
your own!

Parks
Peaceful Protected
Welcoming Discovering Relaxing
Every State Has One
Monument



National Park Crossword

Use the clues below and those throughout the book to solve the crossword.



Across

5. The animal that represents wildlife in the NPS
8. The US President's program to get kid every 4th grade student in a park
9. Folded papers that help you find places.
10. A promise to teach others about the National Park Service
11. The book that rangers take notes in about their experiences
13. The type of park that is on the coastlines of America

Down

1. The symbol of the National Park Service
2. The places that protect the stories and places of history
3. Those that lived here before National Parks were established
4. Who owns the National Parks?
6. What is the word for a 100 year anniversary?
7. The person that can use the Antiquities Act to make a National Monument
12. The person who helped to save Yosemite and Sequoia national parks



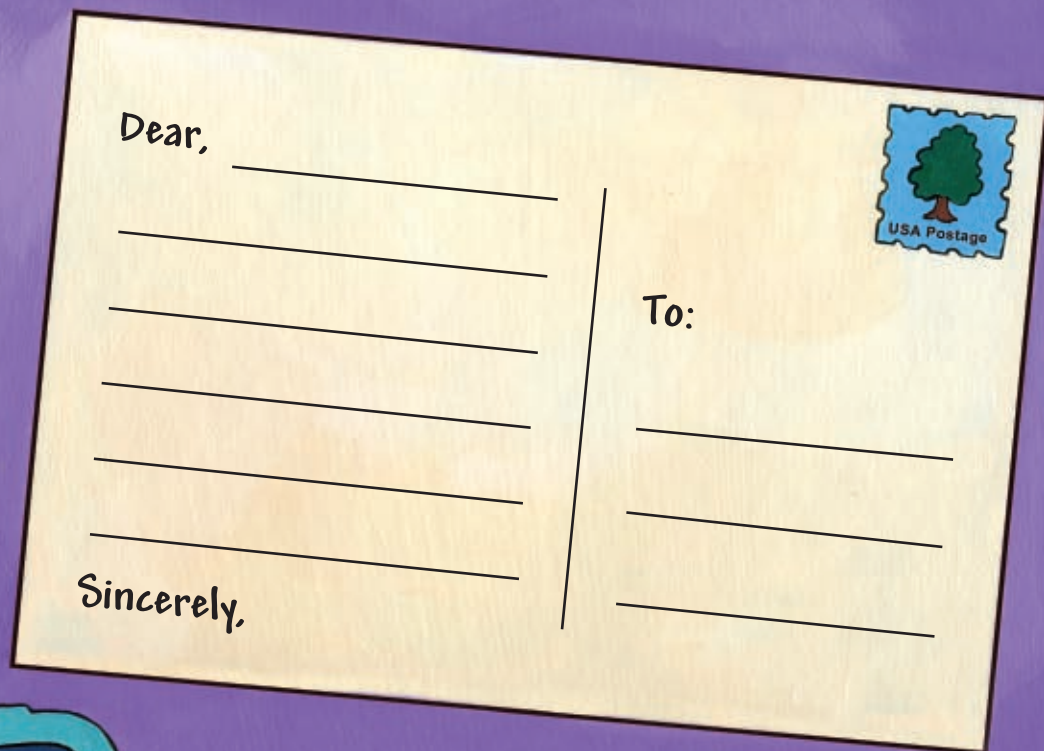
Answers: 1. arrowhead 2. historic sites 3. native people 4. us citizens 5. bison 6. centennial 7. president 8. every kid in a park 9. maps 10. pledge 11. journal 12. John Muir 13. seashore

My Space – Your Space

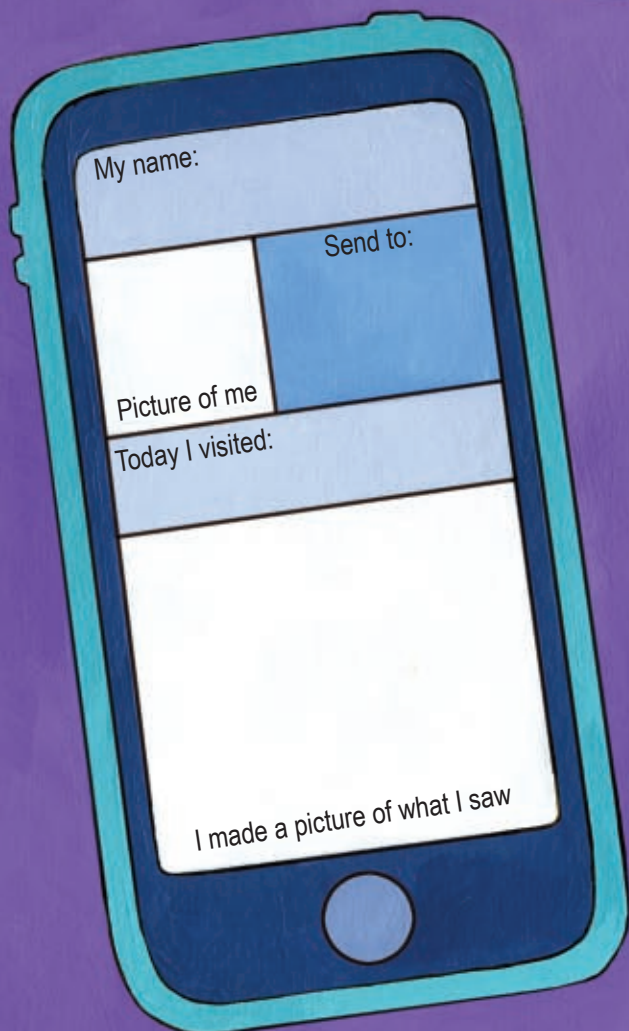
Have you had a great visit? Are there things you saw, learned or did that you are excited to share with others? Then go for it! Help spread the word about our wonderful national parks so others will want to visit and help care for them too.

Use this page to tell us what you liked about your visit. Do you have a favorite photo you took? Paste it here. Share what you've discovered on your favorite social media site or at <http://findyourpark.com/share> Always ask a parent before sharing photos and information on the internet.

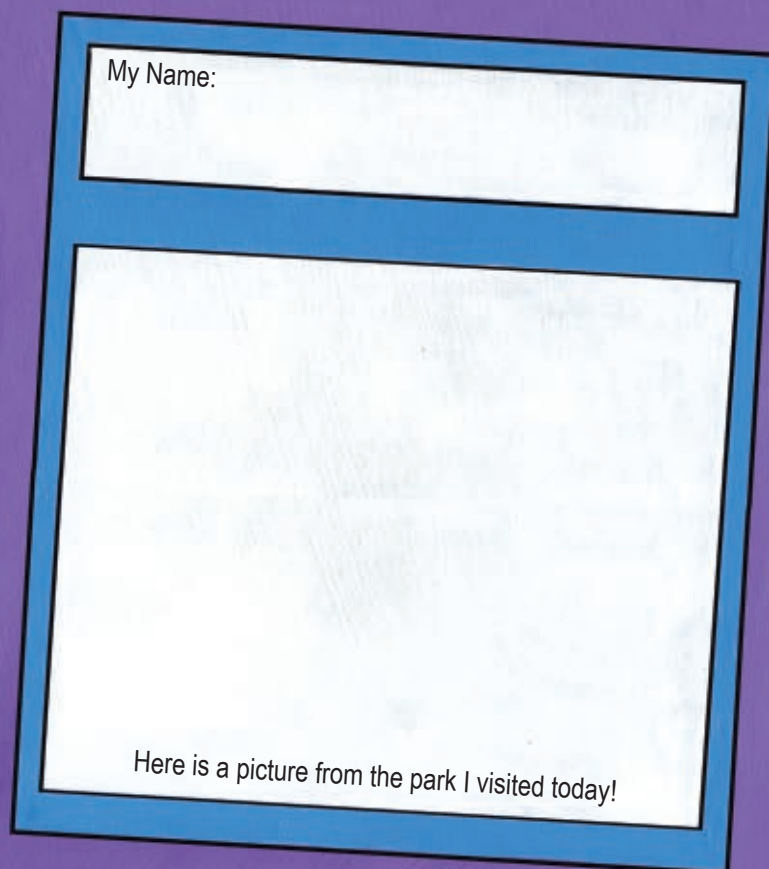
What hashtags might you use? For example:
#Ilovenationalparks,
#hike, #bisonarecool,
#wishyouwerehere



A yellow postcard template with a blue border. On the left, it says "Dear," followed by a line and five more lines for an address. On the right, it says "To:" followed by three lines for an address. In the top right corner, there is a blue postage stamp featuring a green tree and the text "USA Postage". At the bottom left, it says "Sincerely," followed by a line for a signature.



A blue smartphone template with a white screen. The screen is divided into sections: "My name:" at the top, "Send to:" below it, "Picture of me" to the left of "Send to:", "Today I visited:" below "Picture of me", and "I made a picture of what I saw" at the bottom. There is a blue circle at the bottom of the screen representing a home button.



A blue rectangular template with a white interior. At the top, it says "My Name:" followed by a line. Below this is a large white area for a picture. At the bottom, it says "Here is a picture from the park I visited today!" followed by a line.



1872- Yellowstone is
first area in the world
to be designated a
national park



1872

1900

Timelines tell a story and help us understand history. They also tell us what happened when and how much time went by between events. Follow the timeline to see examples of how the National Park System has evolved since 1872. Complete the drawing activities and those below to learn more about some of these places.

- You too are a part of this history. Mark your birthday on the timeline.
- Think about two special accomplishments in your life. Add those dates to the timeline.
- Find one significant date from the park that you are visiting and add that to the time line.

1901- 1909
President
Theodore
Roosevelt protects
the Grand Canyon
and other parks
and monuments



1950 – Yearly visitation to
national parks reaches 32
million a year

1954-75
Vietnam
War

1950

1950-53
Korean War

1951- National
Park Service
develops the
first version of
the arrowhead
logo



Draw the
arrowhead logo

1964 –
Wilderness Act is
signed into law



1975

1972 –
More city (urban)
parks are added
to the national
park system

1978 – Female rangers
allowed to wear same
uniform as male rangers



1981 – Mammoth Cave, the
world's longest cave system,
becomes a World Heritage Site

1980 – Largest national
park (Wrangell-St. Elias
National Park and
Preserve) is established

1994 – A park celebrating the
origins and evolution of jazz is
created (New Orleans Jazz
National Historic Park)

Write Yourself into National Park Service History!





1903
Wright
Brothers
First flight

1914-18
World War I



1920
Women earn full
voting rights

1916 – President
Woodrow Wilson
creates National
Park Service
(Organic Act)



Draw a Wolf

1926 – Last remaining native
wolves die in Yellowstone

1925



1941 – Ansel Adams hired to
photograph national parks



1930 – George Melendez
Wright, American Latino
biologist, conducts first
scientific survey of park
wildlife

1943 – Roosevelt
signs executive order
establishing Jackson
Hole National
Monument

1941-45
World War II



1941
Mount Rushmore
National Memorial
completed



2000



2011 – Flight 93 National
Memorial honoring the
victims of 9/11 attacks
is dedicated

2016 - 100th anniversary of
the National Park Service

2016

2008 – Sites along a 300 mile
trail that commemorates the
War of 1812 and the writing of
the Star Spangled Banner is
designated (Star-Spangled
Banner National Historic Trail)

Draw a Birthday Cake

**Help preserve
our parks for
another 100
years and
beyond!**

Healthy Parks, Healthy You



National parks are places to relax, learn, exercise and become healthier. Find a quiet place, inside or outside, that you most enjoy.

Take some time to really look and listen to everything around you. Use the space above to draw what you see or make a map of the area you are visiting. Do you think that this place will look the same 100 years from now? Why?



Rappin' with a Ranger

Have you heard the expression, "It takes all kinds?" Well, when it comes to running a national park – it's true. Not all park service employees are out chatting up the visitors or hanging with the bears! There are law enforcement rangers, architects, historians, computer specialists, accountants. But all of them hope to make our parks better for the future. Find a park ranger, a volunteer, or a staff member and ask them these questions about their job.

What type of work do you do? _____

What is your favorite part of your job? _____

Why did you decide to work (or volunteer) for the National Park Service? _____

How are you helping to make your park better for the future? _____



The Next Generation of Park Caregivers

Our parks will always need people to care for, protect, and preserve our national parks. You can help!

What type of National Park Service employee or volunteer would you like to be?

Why? _____

Draw a picture of you or your new ranger friend.
Don't forget your smile and your badge.

Kobuk Valley



American Samoa

Circle three national parks you have visited and write them on the lines below. If you can't find the names on the map, write them in.

In the box below, draw something from the park you are visiting and a line to its location on the map.

[illegible]

Guam



Hawai'i Volcanos

The President is Calling You

Like the kids in your school, national parks come in all shapes and sizes. In addition to famous ones like Yellowstone National Park, there are monuments, historic homes, native sites, seashores and scenic trails. Even the home of the US President – the White House - is a national park.

One thing all of these sites have in common is that they want kids to explore them. In fact, the President is offering every fourth grader a free pass to a park! Get the scoop at www.everykidinapark.gov



Protecting Special Places

Our parks and our earth need you!
Caring for our national parks and our earth takes everyone. Use the sign language symbols in the box to break the code and find out some of the things that you can do to help.



- 
- Use less 
- Pick up  and put in trash 
- Use a  water bottle
-  &  when possible
-  lights when not in use

Junior Ranger Centennial Pledge

As a Junior Ranger, I promise to teach others about what I learned today, explore other parks and historic sites, and help preserve and protect these places so future generations can enjoy them for the next 100 years and beyond.

This is to certify that

has completed the requirements and is an official

Centennial Junior Ranger



Ranger Signature

Date



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